

## 4 Scheme for CBCS Curriculum B.Sc. (General) Program with *Physics* as one of the disciplines

- **Scheme for CBCS Curriculum**

Semester	Course Name	Course Detail	Credits
<b>I</b>	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course – I	English communication / Environmental Science	2
	Core course – I (from Physics)	<b>PHSGCOR01T</b> : Mechanics	4
		<b>PHSGCOR01P</b> : Mechanics Lab	2
	Core course – II	DSC 2A (from Discipline 2)	6
	Core course – III	DSC 3A (from Discipline 3)	6
<b>II</b>	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course – II	English communication / Environmental Science	2
	Core course – IV (from Physics)	<b>PHSGCOR02T</b> : Electricity and Magnetism	4
		<b>PHSGCOR02P</b> : Electricity and Magnetism Lab	2
	Core course – V	DSC 2B (from Discipline 2)	6
	Core course – VI	DSC 3B (from Discipline 3)	6
<b>III</b>	Core course – VII (from Physics)	<b>PHSGCOR03T</b> : Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics	4
		<b>PHSGCOR03P</b> : Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics Lab	2
	Core course – VIII	DSC 2C (from Discipline 2)	6
	Core course – IX	DSC 3C (from Discipline 3)	6
	Skill Enhancement Course – 1	TBD	2
<b>IV</b>	Core course – X (from Physics)	<b>PHSGCOR04T</b> : Waves and Optics	4
		<b>PHSGCOR04P</b> : Waves and Optics Lab	2
	Core course – XI	DSC 2D (from Discipline 2)	6
	Core course – XII	DSC 3D (from Discipline 3)	6
	Skill Enhancement Course-2	TBD	2
<b>V</b>	Skill Enhancement Course-3	TBD	2

	Discipline Specific Elective – 1	TBD (from Physics)	6
	Discipline Specific Elective – 2	TBD (from Discipline 2)	6
	Discipline Specific Elective – 3	TBD (from Discipline 3)	6
<b>VI</b>	Skill Enhancement Course-4	TBD	2
	Discipline Specific Elective – 4	TBD (from Physics)	6
	Discipline Specific Elective – 5	TBD (from Discipline 2)	6
	Discipline Specific Elective – 6	TBD (from Discipline 3)	6

\*TBD: To be decided by the student among the available choices mentioned below.

## 5. Syllabi of Core Papers (from Physics) for B.Sc. General with Physics

- PHSGCOR01T - Mechanics

Mechanics	
60 Lectures	4 Credits
Mathematical Methods	10 Lectures
<p>Vectors: Vector algebra. Scalar and vector products. Derivatives of a vector with respect to a parameter.</p> <p>Ordinary Differential Equations: 1<sup>st</sup> order homogeneous differential equations. 2<sup>nd</sup> order homogeneous and inhomogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients.</p>	
Particle Dynamics	21 Lectures
<p>Laws of Motion: Frames of reference. Newton's Laws of motion. Dynamics of a system of particles. Centre of Mass.</p> <p>Momentum and Energy: Conservation of momentum. Work and energy. Conservation of energy. Motion of rockets.</p> <p>Rotational Motion: Angular velocity and angular momentum. Torque. Conservation of angular momentum.</p>	
Gravitation	8 Lectures
<p>Gravitation: Newton's Law of Gravitation. Motion of a particle in a central force field (motion is in a plane, angular momentum is conserved, areal velocity is constant). Kepler's Laws (statement only). Satellite in circular orbit and applications. Geosynchronous orbits. Weightlessness. Basic idea of global positioning system (GPS).</p>	
Oscillations	6 Lectures
<p>Oscillations: Differential equation of SHM and its solutions. Kinetic and Potential Energy, Total Energy and their time averages. Damped oscillations. Forced harmonic oscillations, resonance.</p>	
Elasticity	8 Lectures
<p>Hooke's law - Stress-strain diagram - Elastic moduli-Relation between elastic constants - Poisson's Ratio-Expression for Poisson's ratio in terms of elastic constants - Work done in stretching and work done in twisting a wire - Twisting couple on a cylinder - Determination of Rigidity modulus by static torsion –</p>	

Torsional pendulum.- Bending of beam.

## Special Theory of Relativity

7 Lectures

Special Theory of Relativity: Constancy of speed of light. Postulates of Special Theory of Relativity. Length contraction. Time dilation. Relativistic addition of velocities.

## Reference Books

- ▶ Classical Mechanics. T.W.B. Kibble and F.H. Berkshire, 2004, Imp. Col. Press, World Scientific.
- ▶ An introduction to mechanics, D. Kleppner, R.J. Kolenkow, 1973, McGraw-Hill.
- ▶ Classical Dynamics of Particles and Systems. S.T. Thornton and J. B. Marion, 2009, Brooks/Cole.
- ▶ Mechanics, Berkeley Physics, vol.1, C.Kittel, W.Knight, et.al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- ▶ Physics, Resnick, Halliday and Walker 8/e. 2008, Wiley.
- ▶ University Physics. F.W Sears, M.W Zemansky, H.D Young 13/e, 1986, Addison Wesley
- ▶ Theoretical Mechanics, M.R. Spiegel, 2006, Tata McGraw Hill.
- ▶ Classical Mechanics and General Properties of Matter. S.N. Maiti and D.P. Raychaudhuri, New Age
- ▶ Feynman Lectures, Vol. I, R.P.Feynman, R.B.Leighton, M.Sands, 2008, Pearson Education
- ▶ Introduction to Special Relativity, R. Resnick, 2005, John Wiley and Sons.
- ▶ Special Relativity (MIT Introductory Physics). A.P. French, 2018, CRC Press.
- ▶ University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- ▶ Analytical Mechanics, G.R. Fowles and G.L. Cassiday. 2005, Cengage Learning.

• **PHSGCOR01P – Mechanics Lab**

<b>Mechanics</b>	
<b>60 class hours</b>	<b>2 Credits</b>
<p><b>General Topic</b></p> <p>Discussion on random errors in observations. Measurement principles of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope. Discussion on the parts of Sextant.</p>	
<p><b>List of Practical</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To study the random error in observations of time period of some oscillation using chronometer.</li> <li>2. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a regular body using another auxiliary body and a cradle suspended by a metallic wire.</li> <li>3. To determine g and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique</li> <li>4. To determine the Young's Modulus by flexure method.</li> <li>5. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by a torsional pendulum.</li> <li>6. To determine the height of a building using a Sextant.</li> <li>7. To determine the elastic Constants of a wire by Searle's method.</li> <li>8. To determine the value of g using Bar Pendulum.</li> <li>9. To determine the value of g using Kater's Pendulum.</li> <li>10. To study the Motion of Spring and calculate, (a) Spring constant, (b) g and (c) Modulus of rigidity.</li> </ol>	
<p><b>Reference Books</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House</li> <li>▶ Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers</li> <li>▶ A Text Book of Practical Physics, I.Prakash &amp; Ramakrishna, 11th Edn, 2011, Kitab Mahal</li> <li>▶ Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi &amp; B.Mallick, 2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.</li> <li>▶ Practical Physics, G.L. Squires, 2015, 4th Edition, Cambridge University Press.</li> </ul>	